PROVIDED BY MATRX MEDICAL INC.

PRODUCT - PRECISION CLEANSE

MFGR: MATRX MEDICAL INC. EMER PH: 800-847-1000 716-662-6650
CHEM NAME: TRISODIUM PHOSPHATE DODECAHYDRATE TRADE NAME: TRISODIUM PHOSPHATE, TSP CRYSTALS, TSP CRYSTALLINE CHEM FAMILY: PHOSPHATE FORMULA: NA3P04-12H20-1/4 NAOH
SECTION 2 - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS
INGREDIENT: TRISODIUM PHOSPHATE CRYSTALS (NFPA 704 HAZARD RATING)
SECTION 3 - PHYSICAL DATA
MELTING POINT: 75C,-4H20 95C INITIAL BOILING POINT: N/A VAPOR PRESSURE: NON-VOLATILE VAPOR DENSITY: NON-VOLATILE SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H ₂ O=1): BULK DENSITY 0.9 G/ML PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%): NON-VOLATILE EVAPORATION RATE: NON-VOLATILE APPEARANCE AND ODOR: WHITE CRYSTALS, NON ODOROUSSECTION 4 - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA
FLASH POINT: COC: NON-COMBUSTIBLE
FLAMMABLE LIMITS: N/A EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: N/A
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: N/A
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: NONE
SECTION 5 - HEALTH HAZARD DATA
ROUTS OF EXPOSURE:
EYE CONTACTIRRITATING TO EYES, CORROSIVE EFFECT AFTER 24 HOURS IN RABBIT.
SOURCE: AIHA J. 43 NO. 10 B-51 DATE: 1982 SKIN CONTACTMODERATE DEGREE OF IRRITATION, 24 HOURS OCCLUDED SKIN (RABBIT).
SOURCE: AIHA J. 43 NO. 10 B-51 DATE: 1982 SKIN ABSORPTIONNO SIGNIFICANT HAZARD. LD 50 (RABBIT)
> 7940 MG/KG SOURCE: AIHA J.43 NO. 10 B-51 DATE: 1982 INHALATIONSMALL AMOUNTS OF DUST VERY IRRITATING.
SOURCE: AIHA J. 43 NO. 10 B-51 DATE: 1982 INGESTIONSLIGHTLY TOXIC 20% AQUEOUS SOLUTION
ID 50 (RAT) = 6500 MG/KG SOURCE: AIHA J. 43 NO. 10 B-51 DATE: 1982

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-----SECTION 5 - HEALTH HAZARD DATA CONT.----EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE: ACUTE EXPOSURE.....INHALATION OF HEAVY DUST MAY IRRITATE NOSE AND THROAT. INGESTION MAY INJURE MOUTH, THROAT, AND GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT. CONTACT WITH EYES PRODUCES LOCAL IRRITATION AND POSSIBLE CONJUNCTIVITIS. CHRONIC EXPOSURE....ALTHOUGH NO LONG TERM HUMAN STUDIES HAVE BEEN REPORTED, THERE ARE NO REPORTED CHRONIC EFFECTS THAT WARRANT CONTROL BEYOND THAT REQUIRED TO AVOID IRRITATION FROM AIRBORNE DUST. EMERGENCY FIRST-AID PROCEDURES: EYES.............IMMEDIATELY FLUSH WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. IF IRRITATION PERSISTS, OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION. SKIN...... WASH WITH WATER. IF IRRITATION IS EVIDENT, OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION. INHALATION......REMOVE FROM EXPOSURE. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT OR DISCOMFORT PERSISTS, OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION. INGESTION......RINSE MOUTH WITH WATER, GIVE WATER TO DISSOLVE PARTICLES, DO NOT CAUSE VOMITING. DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURE: WASH WITH SOAP AND WATER. NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: STRONGLY ALKALINE, MAY REMOVE SEBACEOUS OILS LEAVING SKIN UNPROTECTED AND MAY CAUSE CHEMICAL BURNS. ACCESSIBLE EXPOSED TISSUES SHOULD BE FLUSHED THOROUGHLY WITH WATER, AND ANY CORNEAL BURNS WARRANT CONSULTATION OF AN OPHTHALMOLOGIST. INGESTION MAY RESULT IN NAUSEA, VOMITING, AND BURNS, ESPECIALLY OF THE ESOPHAGUS. ATTEMPT TO NEUTRALIZE INGESTED MATERIAL WITH ACIDS MAY CAUSE EXCESS HEAT AND GAS PRODUCTION WHICH CAN INCREASE THE RISK OF PERFORATION. DILUTION MAY DO LIKEWISE, BUT WHEN THE DRY MATERIAL IS INGESTED, ADHERENCE OF PARTICLES TO THE ESOPHAGEAL MUCOSA MAY ASSURE PERFORATION SO THAT IMMEDIATE DRINKING OF COLD WATER OR MILK IS ADVISED. BURNS OF THE ESOPHAGUS AND/OR STOMACH SUFFICIENT TO LEAD TO PERFORATION AND/OR STRICTURE FORMATION MAY OCCUR WITHOUT OROPHARYNGEAL BURNS. ACCORDINGLY, MOST AUTHORITIES RECOMMEND LIMITED ESOPHAGOSCOPY SUFFICIENT TO DETERMINE IF DEEP AND/OR CIRCUMFERENTIAL BURNS ARE PRESENT, BECAUSE THEY ARE MOST LIKELY TO RESULT IN ESOPHAGEAL STENOSIS. PREVENTION OF THE LATTER IS CONTROVERSIAL, THOUGH MOST AUTHORITIES FAVOR EARLY CORTICOSTEROID AND/OR PROPHYLACTIC DILATION THERAPY.

-----SECTION 6 - REACTIVITY DATA-----

STABILITY: STABLE INCOMPATIBILITY: NONE

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: NONE

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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PRODUCT - PRECISION CLEANSE

SECTION 7 - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES
SECTION / STILL ON HEAR PROCEDURES
WHEN MATERIAL IS RELEASES OR SPILLED: MATERIAL SHOULD BE SWEPT UP FOR SALVAGE OR DISPOSAL.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: IF MATERIAL CANNOT BE SALVAGED, A METHOD OF DISPOSAL IS IN A LAND FILL IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.
CONTROL O CONTROL DOCUMENTAL TAMODICATION
SECTION 8 - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: USE NOISH/MSHA APPROVED RESPIRATORY PROTECTION, IF AIRBORNE DUST IS EXPECTED.
VENTILATION: GENERAL ROOM OR LOCAL EXHAUST IN PROCESSES OR HANDLING WHEN AIRBORNE
DUST IS EXPECTED TO BE RELEASED INTO THE WORK ENVIRONMENT.
PROTECTIVE GLOVES: NO SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS
EYE PROTECTION: WEAR CHEMICAL GOGGLES IF AIRBORNE DUST IS EXPECTED.
OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: NO SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS.
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SECTION 9 - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

COMMENTS:

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